

ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN STANDARDS AND POINT ALLOCATIONS: TABLE 14-8.7-2				
Project:				
TABLE 14-8.7-2: Architectural Design Standards and Point Allocations (See Note 1)				OURS
ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN STANDARD CATEGORIES AND FACTORS ¹			Points ²	
WALLS				
Predominant Exterior Surface Material	Stucco, adobe	30		
	Brick, natural stone, and integrally colored unit masonry	25; 30*		
	Concrete and non-integrally colored unit masonry	20; 30*		
	Metal siding, glass curtainwall systems, glass block, wood siding, and simulated materials	10; 30*		10
	Mirrored glass curtainwall systems	-10		
Color of Predominant Exterior Surface Material	Earthtones, creams, and pastels of earthtone hues including but not necessarily limited to rose, peach, and terra cotta colors	30		30
	Pastel colors of non-earthtone hues, whites, grays, and grayish greens	15; 30*		
	High-intensity colors	-10; 10*		
	Metallic colors, glass and black	-10		
Exterior Surface Treatment	(A) Wall surfaces appear monolithic with at least 75 percent of the total wall area one material and one color. Differing shades of the same general hue shall not be considered different colors. Non-solar fenestration, window and door awnings, applied trim, and accent materials, colors, and decorative bands, with the exception of stucco, masonry or concrete control joints, are used in such a way that they do not give a panelized or prefabricated appearance, produce striped or checkerboard patterns, or exceed 25 percent of the surface area of any façade. Fenestration and/or accent colors on wall surfaces under portals or canopies having a horizontal depth of at least six feet shall be exempt from area calculations	10		10
	(B) Wall surfaces do not meet the criteria set forth in paragraph (A) above	-10		
ROOFS				
Form	(A) Flat roof surfaces entirely concealed from public view by parapets	20		
	(B) Flat roof surfaces not entirely concealed from public view by parapets, uniformly sloping roofs, or any combination of flat and uniformly sloping roofs, having a height, from springline to peak, that does not exceed the average height of the supporting walls and having a slope with greater than or equal to four feet of vertical rise for every 12 feet of horizontal run and less than or equal to 12 feet of vertical rise for every 12 feet of horizontal run	15		
	(C) Uniformly sloping roofs or any combination of flat and uniformly sloping roofs, having a height, from springline to peak, that does not exceed the average height of the supporting walls and having a slope with less than four feet of vertical rise for every 12 feet of horizontal run or having a slope with greater than 12 feet of vertical rise for every 12 feet of horizontal run	10		10
	(D) Any type of sloping roof having a height, from springline to peak, that exceeds the average height of the supporting walls; non-uniformly sloping roofs; or any combination of flat and non-uniformly sloping roofs	-10		
Predominant Material	(A) All surfaces are concealed from public view	20		
	(B) Standing, flat, or batten seam metal roofing, or membrane, asphalt or gravel surfaces exposed to public view	15		15
	(C) Flat tiles of clay, concrete or slate	10		
	(D) Barrel tiles of clay, concrete, or slate; and asphalt shingles	5		
	(E) Wood shingles or shakes and other materials including but not necessarily limited to plastic, fiberglass or metal roof tiles	-10		
Predominant Color	(A) All surfaces are concealed from public view	15		
	(B) Dark reds, browns, and earthtones, and natural metals including aluminum, zinc, tin, and lead	10		10
	(C) Low-intensity colors other than those stated above	5		
	(D) White	0		
	(E) Bright, non-fading, high-intensity colors and any use of multiple colors	-15		
ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN STANDARD CATEGORIES AND FACTORS ¹			Points ²	

BUILDING FORM				
Massing	(A) One-story buildings with over 10,000 square feet of gross floor area and multi-story buildings with over 20,000 square feet of gross floor area which are designed with wall plane projections or setbacks on each publicly visible façade having a depth of at least three percent of the length of the façade and extending at least 20 percent of the length of the façade	30		
	(B) One-story buildings with less than or equal to 10,000 square feet of gross floor area and multi-story buildings with less than or equal to 20,000 square feet of gross floor area which are designed with either offsetting wall planes or upper story setbacks of at least four horizontal feet, or a recessed entry space or projecting canopy or portal having a depth of at least six horizontal feet, on at least one publicly visible façade	30		30
	(C) Buildings not utilizing the massing techniques described in paragraphs (A) or (B) above	0		
DOORS AND WINDOWS				
Treatment	(A) More than 50 percent of doors, windows and glazed surfaces, which are not located under portales or canopies having a horizontal depth of at least six feet, have either frames recessed a minimum of two inches, are cased with trim, have divided lites, or have exposed or otherwise articulated lintels	20		20
	(B) More than 50 percent of doors, windows and glazed surfaces do not meet the requirements set forth in paragraph (A) above	0; 20*		
Area	(A) All wall surfaces which are not located under portales or canopies having a horizontal depth of at least six feet, and which do not include solar fenestration, have less than or equal to 50 percent openings consisting of doors, windows, glazing and other penetrations	20		20
	(B) Wall surfaces do not meet the requirements as set forth in paragraph (A) above	0; 20*		
Location	(A) All doors, windows and glazed surfaces, on structures having a gross floor area greater than 150 square feet, are located at least two feet from outside building corners	20		20
	(B) All doors, windows and glazed surfaces, on structures having a gross floor area less than or equal to 150 square feet, have at least a two inch mullion at inside and outside building corners	20		
Glazing	(A) All glazing is clear or tinted neutral gray	10		10
	(B) Any use of colored glazing	0; 10*		
	(C) Any use of mirrored glazing	-10		
EQUIPMENT				
Screening	(A) All roof and wall mounted mechanical, electrical, communications, and service equipment, including satellite dishes and vent pipes, are screened from public view by parapets, walls, fences, dense evergreen foliage, or by other means	10		
	(B) All building mounted equipment set forth in paragraph (A) above is either screened; and/or painted to match visually adjacent surfaces	5		5
	(C) All building mounted equipment set forth in paragraph (A) above is not screened and/or painted to match visually adjacent surfaces	-10		
ZONE: [R-1]	TOTAL POINTS REQUIRED FOR ZONE = [180]	TOTAL POINTS ASSIGNED =		
NOTES:				
1. Enter one point score for each factor.				
2. Point values denoted by an asterisk (*) apply within the Midtown LINC Overlay District.				
	Zone	Required Points		
	C-1, C-2, C-4, BCD, PRRC, SC, HZ, MU	205		
	RR, R-1 - R-6, R-7, R-8, R-9, R-10 — R-29, RC-5, RC-8, PRC, RAC, AC	180		190
	I-1, I-2, BIP	155		